

THE VOICE OF EV CHARGING



**Streetworks for
EV charging**



The voice of the UK's electric vehicle charging industry

- 40+ members, representing 70% of market
- From operators of on-street charge points to service providers, manufacturers and more...
- £6 billion in investment in charging infrastructure by 2030



Allego[®]

Alpitronic[®]

AMPECO

AUTEL
Powering the Planet



Believ

blink

bppulse[®]



chargepoint[®]

Connected Kerb



evyve



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EV

GRIDSERVE
SUSTAINABLE ENERGY

IONITY

HUBJECT

KEMPOWER

Last Mile
Solutions



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Pure energy from Statkraft

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Osprey

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Recharge

SUNGROW
Clean power for all

source

ROAM
electricity your everyday[®]

SQ^E

TESLA

TotalEnergies

urbanfox

Fuuse



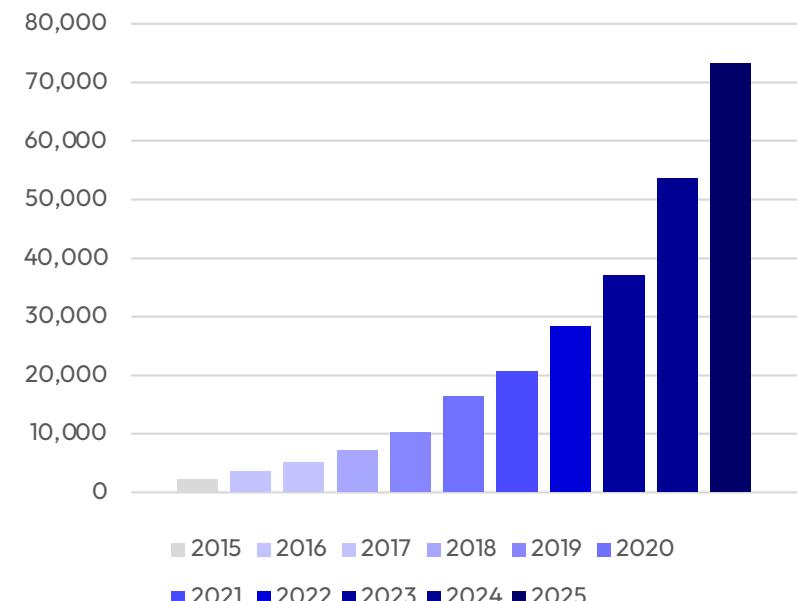
zapgo



About the public EV charging sector

- Public EV charging is a rapidly growing, competitive sector – but with a long track record of delivery.
- As of January 2026, there were 88,000+ public charge points in the UK, with about 50% of these deployed in partnership with local authorities. There are a further 1.6m+ deployed at homes and workplaces¹.
- Major on-street charging operators include Shell Recharge Ubitricity, Believ, char.gy and Connected Kerb, each with more than 1,000 charge points in their network².
- The sector is currently estimated to employ around 4,000 people in the UK, with projection of more than 30,000 by 2030³.

Public charge points in the UK⁴



Sources: 1 & 2: Zapmap; 3: Roland Berger; 4: DfT & Zapmap



Every charge point deployed is a significant, long-term investment

Each new deployment represents a significant capital investment – typically thousands or tens of thousands even before enabling works.

Utilisation rates are key to ensuring return on investment – charge points only generate a profit when reliably and consistently in use. Unused or duplicative infrastructure directly costs the operator.

To justify an investment, a CPO must be confident that:

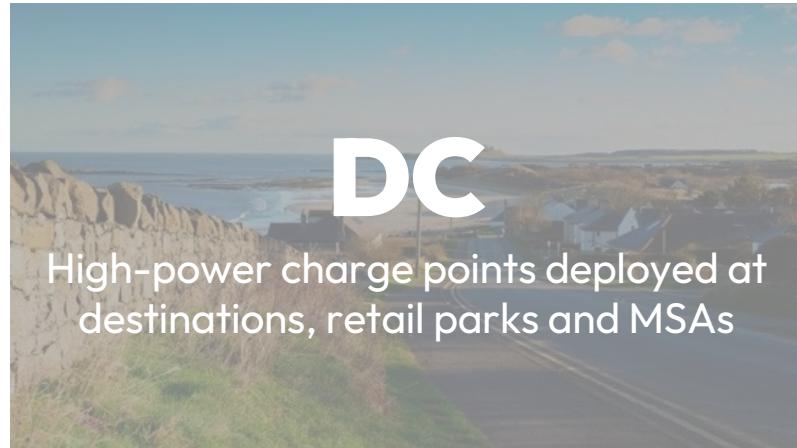
- a. the type, number and locations of charge points at each site are scaled to real-world demand
- b. each device is deployed properly and kept in working condition



Public charging can be divided into two halves



Low-power charge points deployed on residential streets and local car parks



High-power charge points deployed at destinations, retail parks and MSAs

- Deployed on public land in conjunction with the Local Authority
- LAs typically contract with a single CPO; deployed under close, ongoing LA/CPO collaboration

- Deployed on private land in conjunction with landowners
- DC operators generally already access Street Manager via existing Independent Connection Providers (ICPs)

Street works changes will primarily affect AC charging – though DC operators will see visibility benefits



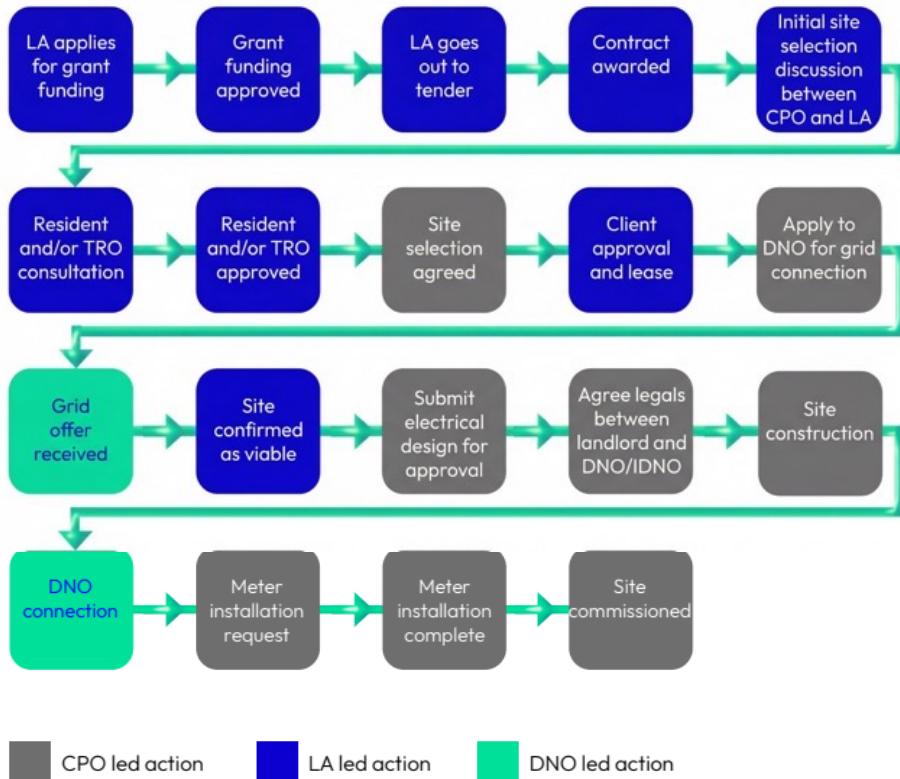
AC CPs are deployed as part of contracts between CPOs and LAs – chiefly LEVI in 2026–2030 period

- Under the Local EV Infrastructure Fund, Government has granted £300m+ to LAs to deploy 100k charge points – predominantly on local, residential streets – in partnership with CPOs.
- In many cases, Local Authorities will sign contracts with a single CPO to deploy infrastructure in their area – in a few cases with a handful of CPOs. In these latter cases, CPOs will not generally deploy on the same streets – instead deploying different types of infrastructure across the LA area.
- Charge points deployed under LEVI are subject to procurement contracts and close, ongoing collaboration between the CPO and the LA.

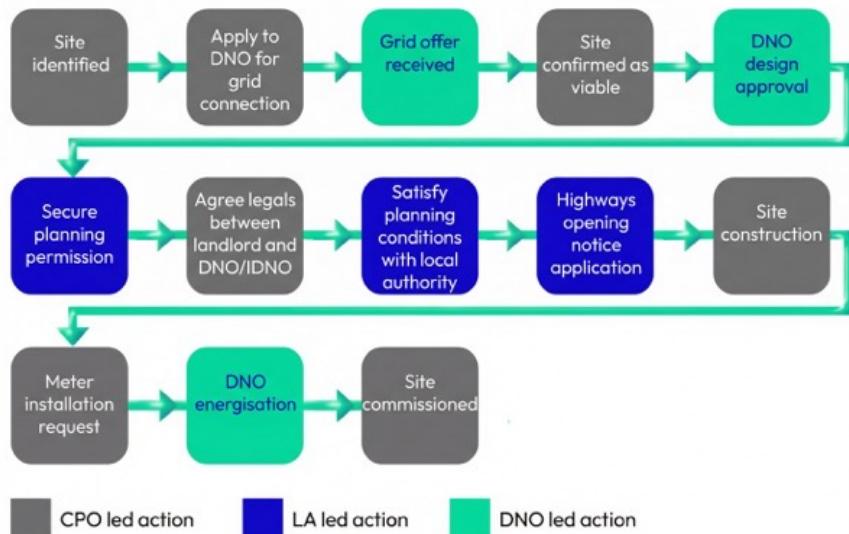


Charge point deployment is a complex, collaborative process between CPOs, LAs and DNOs

AC charging

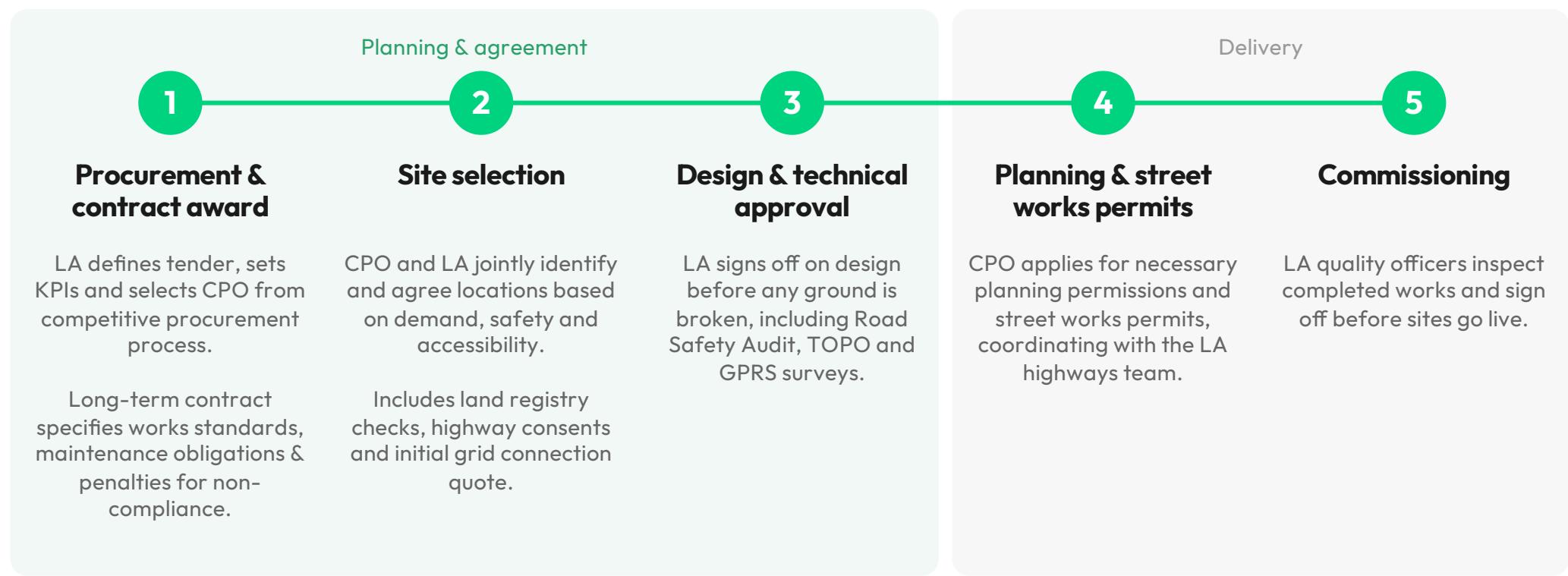


DC charging





Street works permits come relatively late in the process, and are just one stage gate for CPO deployment





Other mitigations

1 Contractual safeguards

- CPO contracts oblige ongoing maintenance for 10–20 years, with provisions for re-appointment or adoption.
- Local Authorities retain oversight throughout, with provisions for asset transfer or removal if an operator exits.

2

Protecting existing infrastructure

- Members have years of experience excavating on the public highway under Section 50 licences, working safely around buried utilities throughout.
- Protecting electrical cabling is directly in CPOs' interest — it is fundamental to operations.

3

Contractors

CPOs use NRSWA-compliant contractors, many of whom also carry out work for utilities companies.

Examples include:



Our offer

- We have a shared interest in ensuring the street works regime continues to work effectively – our long-term success relies on high-quality work, good relationships and public confidence.
- We are keen to build an ongoing relationship with highways authorities and the utilities sector as we enter the regime.
- We are open to developing joint guidance, training or a Memorandum of Understanding — and to other ideas you may have.

